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Chiari Malformations

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CHIARI MALFORMATIONS

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Background

- This case presents a 20-year-old who pitches collegiately for a Division II college.
- The patient suffers from headaches, more severe than migraines since she was 12 years old.
- The athlete was diagnosed with Chiari Malformation, Type 1, at the age of 12.
- Doctors found that she has fluid backing up in a cavity on her spinal cord.
- Athlete underwent surgery shortly after.

Objective

 This case study is demonstrating an emphasis on the necessity for awareness on congenital conditions, as well as their treatment plans.

Differential Diagnosis

Spina Bifida, birth defect that occurs when the spine and spinal cord do not form properly



Uniqueness

- Chiari Malformations form when the skull is smaller than normal, ultimately blocking the flow of cerebrospinal fluid.
- Chiari Malformations have been reported to be rare.
- Despite her severe headaches and dizziness, the athlete pushes herself, beyond her symptoms.
- The severity of the symptoms is managed with rehabilitation, thermotherapy, stretching and yearly radiofrequency ablation to allow for her to continue a Division II athletic career.

Treatment

- Surgery was performed to decompress the posterior fossa.
- Stretching and cupping therapy is used to release tension.
- Radiofrequency ablation, also known as rhizotomy, is preformed yearly to masque her headaches. This method is burning the nerve endings to reduce the transmission of pain experienced.

Conclusion

- Athlete utilizes thermotherapy and stretching around neck to alleviate pressure and symptoms from the Chiari Malformations.
- While this is a rare and serious injury, it can be treated successfully. Allowing athlete to continue a successful career in softball.